IM200-B Bi-Spectrum Radiometric Detector **User Manual**



V 1.2

Date

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Precautions

Precautions

Fully understand this document before using this device, and strictly observe rules in this document when using this device. If you install this device in public places, provide the tip "You have entered the area of electronic surveillance" in an eye-catching place. Failure to correctly use electrical products may cause fire and severe injuries. To prevent accidents, carefully read the following context:

Symbols

This document may contain the following symbols whose meanings are described accordingly.

Symbol	Description
	It alerts you to fatal dangers which, if not avoided, may cause deaths or severe injuries.
	It alerts you to moderate dangers which, if not avoided, may cause minor or moderate injuries.
	It alerts you to risks. Neglect of these risks may cause device damage, data loss, device performance deterioration, or unpredictable results.
© <u>-</u> TIP	It provides a tip that may help you resolve problems or save time.
	It provides additional information.



To prevent electric shocks or other dangers, keep power plugs dry and clean.

- Strictly observe installation requirements when installing the device. The manufacturer shall not be held responsible for device damage caused by users' nonconformance to these requirements.
- Strictly conform to local electrical safety standards and use power adapters that are marked with the LPS standard when installing and using this device. Otherwise, this device may be damaged.

- Use accessories delivered with this device. The voltage must meet input voltage requirements for this device.
- If this device is installed in places with unsteady voltage, ground this device to discharge high energy such as electrical surges in order to prevent the power supply from burning out.
- When this device is in use, ensure that no water or any liquid flows into the device. If water or liquid unexpectedly flows into the device, immediately power off the device and disconnect all cables (such as power cables and network cables) from this device.
- Do not expose the thermal imaging camera or unpacked product to extremely strong radiation sources, such as the sun, laser, or arc welding machine, regardless of whether the device is being electrified or not; do not put the camera close to high thermal objects such as the sunlight; otherwise, the precision of the camera may be affected and even the detector inside the camera may suffer a permanent damage.
- If this device is installed in places where thunder and lightning frequently occur, ground the device nearby to discharge high energy such as thunder strikes in order to prevent device damage.

\triangle caution

- Unless otherwise specified, do not use the camera in a temperature lower than 20 °C (-4 °F) or higher than +60 °C (+140 °F). Too-high or too-low temperature may cause image display anomaly of the camera and the camera will be damaged if it is working under such a condition for a long time.
- If the camera is installed outdoors, avoid direct sunlight at dawn and dusk on the camera lens and install a sunshield with frontal and rear positions adjusted according to the sunlight angle.
- Avoid heavy loads, intensive shakes, and soaking to prevent damages during transportation and storage. The warranty does not cover any device damage that is caused during secondary packaging and transportation after the original packaging is taken apart.
- Protect this device from fall-down and intensive strikes, keep the device away from magnetic field interference, and do not install the device in places with shaking surfaces or under shocks.
- Clean the device with a soft dry cloth. For stubborn dirt, dip the cloth into slight neutral cleanser, gently wipe the dirt with the cloth, and then dry the device.
- Since the camera lens is painted with a durable coating material, it adapts to outdoor environment. The lens must be cleaned regularly. If the image quality is reduced or excessive dirt is deposited on the lens, clean the lens in a timely manner. In sandy (in desert) or corrosive (on sea) environment, use the camera with caution; improper use may cause the coating to peel off.
- Do not jam the ventilation opening. Follow the installation instructions provided in this document when installing the device.
- Keep the device away from heat sources such as radiators, electric heaters, or other heat equipment.

- Keep the device away from moist, dusty, extremely hot or cold places, or places with strong electric radiation.
- If the device is installed outdoors, take insect- and moisture-proof measures to avoid circuit board corrosion that can affect monitoring.
- Remove the power plug if the device is idle for a long time.
- Before unpacking, check whether the fragile sticker is damaged. If the fragile sticker is damaged, contact customer services or sales personnel. The manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any artificial damage of the fragile sticker.

Special Announcement

All complete products sold by the manufacturer are delivered along with nameplates, operation instructions, and accessories after strict inspection. The manufacturer shall not be held responsible for counterfeit products.

This manual may contain misprints, technology information that is not accurate enough, or product function and operation description that is slightly inconsistent with the actual product. The manufacturer will update this manual according to product function enhancement or changes and regularly update the software and hardware described in this manual. Update information will be added to new versions of this manual without prior notice.

This manual is only for reference and does not ensure that the information is totally consistent with the actual product. For consistency, see the actual product.

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1 Overview

1.1 Principle of Thermal Imaging and Advantages

Any object with temperature higher than the absolute zero $(-273.15^{\circ}C)$ will emit infrared (IR) ray, even though it does not emit light. The IR ray is also called thermal radiation. IR rays emitted by objects with different temperatures can be absorbed by the detector to reflect temperature change and thus generate an electric effect. The electric signal is amplified and processed to produce a thermal image that corresponds to the thermal distribution of the object surface. This is the process of thermal imaging.

• Adapt to any environment

Traditional cameras rely on natural or environmental light to shoot images, but this IR thermal imaging camera relies on the IR energy radiated by an object itself to form an image, not requiring any light. The IR thermal imaging camera is applicable to any environment and not affected by light strength. It can detect and identify any camouflage and concealed object both in daytime or nighttime, implementing round-the-clock monitoring.

• Monitor the temperature field with object energy distributed

The IR thermal imaging camera can show the temperature field of an object, converting the invisible surface temperature distribution situation to a visible thermal image that reflects the surface temperature distribution situation of the object. By this monitoring, users can discover temperature anomaly in a timely manner and take precautionary measures to avoid any risk that may be caused by the anomaly, for example, a fire.

• Boast cloud penetration capability

Visible light and near IR ray will be absorbed by the air, cloud and smoke, but they are transparent to IR ray of the $3 \sim 5 \ \mu$ m Medium Wavelength Infrared (MWIR) region and $8 \sim 14 \ \mu$ m Long Wavelength Infrared (LWIR) region. Traditional cameras cannot shoot clear images under cloudy environment, but the IR thermal imaging camera can penetrate the cloud and smoke to shoot clear images.

Bi-Spectrum Radiometric Detector

"Temperature warning type thermal imaging camera + HD visible light" binocular monitoring.

Compact, lightweight, compact and cost effective. Support horizontal/vertical installation.

1.2 Product Introduction

Bi-Spectrum Radiometric Detector, the whole machine shell and the base are all made of high strength aluminum alloy material with comprehensive function and high stability. It can be widely used in power switch cabinets, machine rooms, storages, etc.

1.2.1 Product Features

- Support network interface.
- The network transmission signal is up to 100 Mbps.
- Supports RS485/RS232 protocols.
- Suitable for power switch cabinets, computers room, store houses, etc.

1.3 Description of Cable

1.3.1 Multi-cable

Aviation power supply and network cable is shown as Figure 1-1, and the description is shown in Table 1-1.

Figure 1-1 Aviation power supply and network cable



Name	Port	Description	
Network interface	-	Connect to a standard Ethernet cable	
Power supply	-	Connect to DC 10 ~30 V	
Alarm	А	ALARM OUT COM	
	В	ALARM OUT	
	G	ALARM IN COM	

Name	Port	Description	
	IN	ALARM IN	
RS232	G RS232 COM		
	ТХ	RS232 TX	
	RX	RS232 RX	
RS485	А	RS485+	
	В	RS485-	

Figure 1-2 Panel interface



Table 1-2	Description	of panel	interface
-----------	-------------	----------	-----------

Name	Description	
Power indicator	When camera is power on, the light is steady on	
Network indicator	Indicator flashes when the networking is working normally.	
Reset button	Long press the reset button 5 seconds to restore to the original settings.	
SD card slot	Support SD card	
Ground	GND	

2 Device Dimensions

Figure 2-1 shows the dimensions of the Bi-Spectrum Radiometric Detector.

Figure 2-1 Dimensions (unit: mm)









3 Device Installation

3.1 Cabinet Installation

3.1.1 General Installation

Step 1 Stick the installation sticker label 1 on the cabinet door 's mounting surface, drill three holes based on the marks on the sticker, as shown in Figure 3-1. It is recommended that the drill size be $\varphi 3 - \varphi 4$ mm, and it is better to remove the label after the hole is completed to avoid affecting heat dissipation.



Step 2 Take out the camera and attach the camera to the holes which corresponding step 1 on the back of the cabinet door, as shown in Figure 3-2.





Step 3 Take out the PWM3×6 screws in the accessory and fix them on the screw holes of the camera through the holes punched in step 1 on the front of the door and tighten the screws.

Figure 3-3 Install the device



Step 4 Connect the multi-connector cable, start up the device.

----End

3.1.2 Magnet Installation

If you can't drill the hole in the door or the camera position needs precise adjustment, you can attach the magnet bracket to cabinet directly.

Step 1 Take out the camera, install the camera on cabinet, as shown in Figure 3-4.

Figure 3-4 Install the magnet bracket



Step 2 Connect the multi-head combination cable to start up the camera, as shown in Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-5 Fixed the magnet bracket



Step 3 Combine with the image of live video to move the camera to appropriate location. ----End

3.2 Wall Installation

3.2.1 Bracket Installation

If the camera angle needs to be adjusted, you need to use the gimbal bracket.

- Step 1 Stick the installation sticker label 3 on the walling 's mounting surface, drill three holes based on the marks on the sticker, drive three swell plastic buttons into the holes.
- Step 2 Take out the gimbal bracket, align the three through holes at the bottom of the bracket with the expansion rubber, and fix the bracket with the self-tapping screws in the accessory, as shown in Figure 3-6.



Figure 3-6 Install the gimbal bracket

Step 3 Take out the camera, align the 1/4 UNC hole on the back of the camera to the bracket screw, and then tighten the bracket nut, as shown in Figure 3-7.

Figure 3-7 Install the bracket



- Step 4 Connect the multi-head combination cable to start up the camera.
- Step 5 Adjust the universal rod of the bracket to adjust the camera angle, tighten the bottom bracket nut and tighten the locking screw on the bracket to complete the angle adjustment.
 - ----End

3.2.2 Wall Installation

- Step 1 Open the label 2 in the positioning label and attach it to the mounting position on the wall. Drill the hole in the small round hole of the positioning label with the drill bit and insert the expansion rubber into the hole.
- Step 2 Attach the camera assembly to the sticker position and remove the self-tapping screws to secure the camera assembly, as shown in Figure 3-8.

Figure 3-8 Install camera



Step 3 Connect the multi-head combination cable to start up the camera. ----End

3.3 Packing list

After receiving the equipment, please follow the list of packing list to check, if there is any omission, please contact the seller.

No.	Item	Quantity	Picture
1	Camera	1	
2	Power supply and cable	1	
3	User manual	1	
4	Installation location sticker	1	
5	Screws PWM 3*6	4	0
			99

Table 3-1 Packing list	acking list	Pac	3-1	Table
------------------------	-------------	-----	-----	-------

6	Self –tapping screw PT4*40	4	
7	Swell plastic button	4	
8	Gimbal bracket(Optional)	1	

4 Quick Configuration

4.1 Login and Logout

To access the web interface through Microsoft Edge browser (IE Mode); otherwise, some functions may be unavailable.

Login system

Step 1 Open the Internet Explorer, enter the IP address of IP camera (default value: 192.168.0.121) in the address box, and press Enter.

The login page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-1.

Figure 4-1 Login page

IP CAM	
User Name	Login

Step 2 Input the User name and password.

• Access the web at Edge browser which the mode should switch to **Reload in Internet** Explorer mode. At browser "Setting > Default browser" page, Let Internet Explorer open sites in Microsoft Edge choose "Always (Recommenced)"; Allow sites to be reloaded in Internet Explorer mode (IE mode) choose "Allow".

Figure 4-2 Internet Explorer Compatibility

ettings	Default browser			
Q Search settings	Make Microsoft Edge your default browser		Ma	ke default
D Profiles				
Privacy, search, and services				
③ Appearance	Internet Explorer compatibility			
Start, home, and new tabs	Make legacy sites work in Mi	icrosoft Edgo		
谷 Share, copy and paste		w? With Internet Explo	rer model vou can one	n lenacy sit
Cookies and site permissions	in Microsoft Edge. Select Add under Intern	et Explorer mode pag	ges to add any legacy :	site to list of
Default browser	sites that will open automatically in Internet	t Explorer mode.		
Downloads			Alexand (Decomposition	
ခို Family safety	Let Internet Explorer open sites in Microsoft Edge (2) Always (Recommended)		ided) 🗸	
🖞 Edge bar	when prowsing in internet taplorer you can choose to automatically op-	en sites in Microsoft Edge		
A Languages				
5 Printers	Allow sites to be reloaded in Internet Explorer mode (IE mode) ③			
System and performance	Internet Explorer mode	compatibility, you can chi	oose to reload it in	
	Internal Fundamental annual			
C Reset settings	Internet explorer mode baces		have 5 pages that'll	Mdd
 Reset settings Phone and other devices 	These pages will open in Internet Explorer mode for 30 days from the da	ste you add the page. You		
Reset settings Phone and other devices CACessibility	These pages will open in Internet Explorer mode for 30 days from the da automatically open in Internet Explorer mode.	ite you add the page. You		
Reset settings Phone and other devices Accessibility Accessibility About Microsoft Edge	These pages will open in Internet Explorer mode for 30 days from the da automatically open in Internet Explorer mode. Page	bate you add the page. You Date added	Expires	

- The default name and password are both admin. Modify the password when you login the system for first time to ensure system security.
- After modifying password, you need to wait at least three minutes then power off to make sure modifying successfully. Or login the Web again to test the new password.

Step 3 You can change the system display language on the login page. Click Login.

The main page is displayed.

----End

Logout

To logout of system, click in the upper right corner of the main page, the login page is display after you log out of the system.

4.2 Main Page Layout

On the main page, you can view live video, set parameters of configuration, play back recording, modify password, log out current user. Figure 4-3 is shown the main page layout. Table 4-1 lists the elements on the main page layout. Switch channel to show light video or thermal video.

Figure 4-3 Main page layout



Table 4-1 Elements on the main page

No.	Element	Description	
1	Real-time video area	Real-time videos are played in this area. You can also set sensor parameters.	
2	Playback	You can query the playback videos in this area.	
		NOTE	
		Only when the SD card has videos that user can query the playback videos.	
3	Device configuration	You can choose a menu to set device parameters, including the device information, audio and video streams, alarm setting, and privacy mask function.	
4	Change password	You can click it to change the password.	
5	Sign Out	You can click b to return to the login page.	
6	Stream	Choose the channel (visual channel or thermal channel) by clicking the image. There are four streams in channel 1, there are two streams in channel 2. Choose one type from drop-down list.	
7	PTZ	Control the external device which is communicated by RS 485 protocol, such as PTZ, high speed dome.	
8	Pause/Start	Close live video or play live video.	
9	Live/Smooth	Switch image quality.	
10	Sensor setting	Click the icon, it will access to sensor setting.	
11	Snapshot	Click the icon, it will snapshot.	
12	Local record	Click the icon, it will record video and save.	

1. When the device generates an alarm, the alarm icon 🙆 is displayed. You can click to view the alarm information. When the device accepts an alarm signal, the alarm icon will display within 10 s in the web management system.

2. When the device encounters an exception, the fault icon 🧾 is displayed. You can click to view the fault information.



Figure 4-4 Thermal channel live video

the lowest temperature of the full screen.



: the highest temperature of the full screen.



: the lowest temperature of the area.



: the highest temperature of the area.

----End

4.3 Change the Password

Description

You can click

k is to change the password for logging in to the system.

Procedure

Step 1



in the upper right corner of the main page.

The Change Password dialog box is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-5.

Figure 4-5	Modify	Password	dialog b	юx
------------	--------	----------	----------	----

Change Password		х
Old Password		
New Password		
Confirm		
Password Advice: 1.Advice the password length of eight characters. 2.Advice the password includes numbers, capital letters, lowercase letters and special characters. 3.Advice the password can not be the same as username.		
	ОК	Cancel

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The change password page will be displayed if you don't change the default password when you login to the system for the first time.

- Step 2 Enter the old password, new password, and confirmation password.
- Step 3 Click OK.

If the message "Change own password success" is displayed, the password is successfully changed. If the password fails to be changed, the cause is displayed. (For example, the new password length couldn't be less than eight.)

Step 4 Click OK.

The login page is displayed.

----End

4.4 Browse Video

User can browse the real-time video in the web management system.

Preparation

To ensure the real-time video can be displayed properly, you must perform the following operations when you login to the web for the first time:

Step 1 Open the Internet Explorer. Choose Tools > Internet options > Security > Trusted sites > Sites.

In the display dialog box, click Add, as shown in Figure 4-6.

Internet Options	
Connections Programs Advanced	
General Security Privacy Content	
Select a zone to view or change security settings.	
Internet Local intranet Trusted sites	Trusted sites
Trusted sites This zone contains websites that you trust not to damage your computer or your files. You have websites in this zone.	You can add and remove websites from this zone. All websites in this zone will use the zone's security settings. Add this website to the zone:
Security level for this zone	https://192.168.0.121 <u>A</u> dd
Allowed levels for this zone: All	Websites:
Low Minimal safeguards and warning prompts are provided Most content is downloaded and run without prompts All active content can run Appropriate for sites that you absolutely trust	https://*.psbc.com
	Require gerver verification (https:) for all sites in this zone

Figure 4-6 Adding the a trusted site

Step 2 In the Internet Explorer, choose **Tool** > **Internet Options** > **Security** > **Customer level**, and set Download unsigned ActiveX control and initialize and script ActiveX controls not marked as safe for scripting under ActiveX controls and plug-ins to Enable, as shown in Figure 4-7.

Internet Properties	Security Settings
General Security Privacy Content Connections Programs Advanced	Settings:
Select a Web content zone to specify its security settings.	ActiveX controls and plug-ins ActiveX controls of plashe Disable Enable Binary and script behaviors Administrator approved
Internet This zone contains all Web sites you havent placed in other zones Sites	Disable Stable Enable Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable
Security level for this zone Move the slider to set the security level for this zone. 	Prompt Download unsigned ActiveX controls Reset custom settings Reset to: Medium Reset
Custom Level Default Level	OK Cancel
OK Cancel Apply	

Figure 4-7 Configuring ActiveX control and plug-ins

Step 3 Download and install the player control as prompted.

The login page is display when the control is loaded.

4.5 Install Plugins

You will be prompted with a message "Download and install the new plugin" as shown in Figure 4-8 when you login to the web management system for the first time.

Figure 4-8 Download the plugin page

1	Selecting a play mode, please
	 <u>Continue to use the old plugin.</u> <u>Use the VLC to play</u> <u>Download and install the new plugin</u> (Please reopen the browser after installing)

Procedure

- Step 1 Click the message, download and install the plugin follow the prompts.
- Step 2 Reopen the browser after installation.

Step 3	Click	Switch to VLC, then play the video	Switch to Plugin, then play the video	to
	switch t	he plugin.		
	End			

4.5.1 Set Local Network Parameters

Description

Local network parameters include:

- IP protocol
- IP address
- Subnet mask
- Default gateway
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
- Preferred Domain Name System (DNS) server
- Alternate DNS server
- MTU

Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration > Device >Local Network.

The Local Network page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-9.

Figure 4-9 Local Network page

로 Local Network

Network Card ID	1
IP Protocol	IPv4 ▼
DHCP	OFF
IP Address	192.168.0.121
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
Default Gateway	192.168.0.1
Preferred DNS Server	192.168.0.1
Alternate DNS Server	192.168.0.2
MTU(800-1500)	1500

Step 2 Set the parameters according to Table 4-2.

Parameter	Description	Setting
IP Protocol	IPv 4 is the IP protocol that uses an address length of 32 bits.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] IPv4
DHCP	The device automatically obtains the IP address from the DHCP server.	[Setting method] Click the option button. NOTE To query the current IP address of the device, you must query it on the platform based on the device name.
DHCP IP	IP address that the DHCP server assigned to the device.	N/A
IP Address	Device IP address that can be set as required.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 192.168.0.121
Subnet Mask	Subnet mask of the network adapter.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	This parameter must be set if the client accesses the device through a gateway.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 192.168.0.1
Preferred DNS Server	IP address of a DNS server.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 192.168.0.1
Alternate DNS Server	IP address of a domain server. If the preferred DNS server is faulty, the device uses the alternate DNS server to resolve domain names.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 192.168.0.2

Table 4-2 Local network parameters

Parameter	Description	Setting
MTU	Set the maximum value of network transmission data packets.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. NOTE The MTU value is range from 800 to 1500, the default value is 1500, Please do not change it arbitrarily.

Step 3 Click OK.

- If the message "Apply success" is displayed, click OK. The system saves the settings. The message "Set network pram's success, Please login system again" is displayed. Use the new IP address to login to the web management system.
- If the message "Invalid IP Address", "Invalid Subnet Mask", "Invalid default gateway", "Invalid primary DNS", or "Invalid space DNS" is displayed, set the parameters correctly.

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- If you set only the Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, Preferred DNS Server, and Alternate DNS Server parameters, you do not need to login to the system again.
- You can click **Reset** to set the parameters again if required.

----End

4.6 Thermal Settings

4.6.1 Temperature Parameters

Temperature parameters include: temperature unit, length units, cavity temperature, correction coefficient and area temperature display mode, etc.

Operation Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration >Thermal >Temperature Parameters.

The Temperature Parameters page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-10.

Figure 4-10 Temperature Parameters interface

🚖 Temperature Parameters

Open Temperature Measure			ON
Temperature Units		Celsius	•
Length Units	?	Meters	▼
Cavity Temperature		29.88	
Correction Coefficient		0.00	
Area Temperature Display Mode		Low Left	▼
Font Border			ON
Font Color			~
Font Size		Mid	▼
Area Temperature Type		Highest Temp	erature 🔻
Measure Mode		General	▼
Display Alarm Area			OFF
Area Alarm Interval(1-1800S)		10	
Area Alarm Delay(0-10Sec)		0	
Temperature Range		-40.0 ~ 150.0	-
Prevent Over Heat		Auto	▼
Temper Duration(5-60Sec)		60	
			Advanced
	Refre	sh	Apply

Step 2 Set the parameters according to Table 4-3.

Table 4-3 Temperature parameter	rs
---------------------------------	----

Parameter	Description	Setting
Temperature Unit	Celsius and Fahrenheit temperature units are available.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Celsius

Parameter	Description	Setting
Length Unit	Meter and Inch units are available	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Meters
Cavity Temperature	The cavity temperature of camera.	N/A
Correction Coefficient	Correction coefficient is refer to the deviation of measured object temperature and actual temperature. For example: 1. The measured object temperature is 30, and actual temperature is 37, so the correction coefficient should be 7. 2. The measured object temperature is 37, and actual temperature is 30, so the correction coefficient should be -7.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 0.00
Area Temperature Display Mode	The display position of temperature information on the live-video image.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Low left
Font Border	Enable to bold the font	[Setting method] Enable or disable [Default value] Disable
Font Color/Font Size	Set the font's color and size, there are nine colors chosen.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Black /Mid
Area Temperature Type	There are three types of area temperature.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Highest Temperature

Parameter	Description	Setting
Measure Mode	There are two types measure modes.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] General
Display Alarm Area	N/A	[Setting method] Enable or disable [Default value] Disable
Area Alarm Interval	N/A	[Setting method] Enter a value manually ranges from 1 to 1800. [Default value] 10
Temperature range	It depends the device, different devices have different modes, there are two ranges, such as -20 °C -150°C, -40 °C-150°C.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box.
Prevent Over Heat	Open, if temperature of the testing area is too high, you can enable prevent over heat function, there are two types, manual and auto.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box.
Temper Duration(5-60 S)	Prevent over heat' mode is auto, the control cover will block for duration time automatically if over heat.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually ranges from 5 to 60.
Control Cover	When prevent over heat mode is manual, the user should choose the action manually, such as pick up, lay down.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box.

Figure 4-11 Advanced interface

Dimming Mode	Auto
Greater Prominent	ON
Temperature	0.0
Color	V
Section Prominent	ON
Minimum Temperature	0.0
Maximum Temperature	0.0
Color	V
Less Prominent	ON
Temperature	0.0
Color	V
Raw Data Upload Interval(F/S)	1
Mix Stream Mode	Close
	Refresh Apply

Table 4-4 Advance parameters

Parameter	Description	Setting
Dimming Mode	There are auto and manual modes. It will show on temperature item.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Auto
Greater Prominent	Enable that, the image will show the setting color if the temperature is higher than set value.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. Choose one color to show.
Section Prominent	Enable that, the image will show the setting color if the temperature is between minimum and maximum temperature.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. Choose one color to show.
Less Prominent	Enable that, the image will show the setting color if the temperature is lower than set value.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. Choose one color to show.

Parameter	Description	Setting
Raw Data Upload Interval(F/S)	Interval of Upload the raw data.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] 1
Mix Stream Mode	This function is used for thermal and visible lighting image to mix. There are close, mode 1, mode 2 and mode 3.	[Default value] Close

Step 3 Click Apply.

The message "Apply success" is displayed, the system saves the settings.

----End

4.6.2 Ambient Temperature

Set the ambient temperature of camera, click "Apply" to save the setting, click "Refresh" the adaptation environment temperature will be refresh based on ambient temperature.

Figure 4-12 Ambient temperature

🖻 Ambient Temperature

Ambient Temperature	25.00	°C
Adaptation Environment Temperature	23.98]°C

Refresh Apply

Parameter	Description	Setting
Ambient Temperature	Environment temperature of camera.	[Setting method] Enter the temperature of ambient. [Default value] 25
Adaptation environment temperature	Set the ambient temperature, click "Apply", click "Refresh", the camera will get the value automatically.	

Table 4-5 parameter of ambient temperature

----End

4.6.3 Temperature Area

Operation Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration >Thermal >Temperature Area.

The Temperature Area page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-13

Figure 4-13 Temperature area and alarm configuration

荦 Temperature Area And Alarm Configuration



Step 2 Set the parameters according to Table 4-6

Parameter	Description	Setting
Channel	N/A	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] 1
Measure Mode	Set at temperature parameters interface.	N/A
Name	Area name of temperature area.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually.
Туре	Type of temperature area. ID 0 is default rectangle area, which is full screen.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Rectangle/Point
Alarm Type	Threshold alarm, temperature difference alarm, section alarm, temperature rise alarm are available for alarm type. Section Alarm: if the temperature value is among the set temperature range, it will generate the alarm. Temperature rise alarm means it the rising temperature value is more than the set value, it will generate the alarm. It need to set the alarm schedule	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Threshold alarm
Warning Value	Camera will trigger warning alarm when the object temperature reaches the warning value.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 48
Alarm Value	Camera will alarm when the object temperature reaches the alarm value.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 50
Maximum Alarm Value	At section alarm type, the device would not alarm when the temperature is higher than maximum alarm value.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 60.00

Table 4-6	Temperature	area and	alarm	configur	ation
1 4010 1 0	remperature	uncu unu	unum	comigai	auon
Parameter	Description	Setting			
------------------	---	--			
Duration (1-10S)	Choose temperature rise alarm, set the duration, the temperature rise the value and it is keep for duration setting, the alarm is triggered successfully.				
Emission Rate	The emission rate is the capability of an object to emit or absorb energy. The emission rate should be set only when the target is special material.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 0.95			
Distance(M)	The distance between camera and target.	[Setting method] Enter a value manually. [Default value] 15 ID NOTE Enter actual distance when the distance between camera and target is less than 15m. Enter 15 when the distance between camera and target is great than or equal to 15m.			
Alarm	Enable or disable the alarm output and linkage of area.	[Setting method] Tick the alarm output channel .			

Parameter	Description	Setting
Group ID	The ID can be chosen into one of six groups, or no group. The group will be alarm following as the next rules: A=The highest temperature of groups (the highest temperature	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list box.
	of N regions is the largest) B=Average temperature of groups (average temperature of N regions) WA=Warning value	
	AA=Alarm value	
	 a. If A-B >= WA, a temperature difference warning signal is generated> (the one with the largest difference between the N areas and the average temperature is the alarm area flashing) b. If A-B >= AA, a temperature difference alarm signal is generated> (the one with the largest difference between the N areas and the average temperature is the alarm area flashing) 	
	flashing) c. If the warning and alarm conditions are met at the same time, the alarm signal will be generated first.	

Step 3 Set temperature area.

- 1. Tick an area ID.
- 2. Select type from drop-list.
- 3. Press and hold the left mouse button, and drag in the video area to create a temperature area, as shown in Figure 4-14. Right-click to finish the area selected.





4. Click **Apply**, the message "Apply success" is displayed, the temperature area is set successfully.

Delete a temperature area:

- 1. Select an area ID.
- 2. Click the temperature area and right-click.
- 3. Remove the tick of area ID.
- 4. Click **Apply**, the message "Apply success" is displayed, the temperature area is deleted successfully.

Step 4 Click Apply.

The message "Apply success" is displayed, the system saves the settings.

----End

4.6.4 Shield Area

Shield area is meaning that the camera will not to detect the temperature of that area.

Operation Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration > Thermal > Shield Area.

Figure 4-15 Shield Area

Inable	OFF
show Shield Area	OFF
2019-08-01 05:59:40 Thur	
	47.3
	500
[00] 47.7 [01] 47.5	31.8
	Clear

- Step 2 Enable the shield area.
- Step 3 Enable Show Shield Area, then the setting shield will show in live video.
- Step 4 Click left mouse button to set area, click right mouse button to end the setting.
- Step 5 Click **Clear** to clear the shield area. ----**End**

4.6.5 Schedule Linkage

Operation Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration >Thermal > Schedule Linkage The Schedule Linkage page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-16.

Figure 4-16 Schedule Linkage

로 Schedule Linkage

Thre	esho	Id Al	arm	I		Thr	esl	holo	I W	arn	ing		Те	mp	era	atur	e [Diffe	ren	c 7	Ten	npe	ratu	re D	Diffe	ren	IC T	Гem	pera	atur	e Se	ectio	on /
Tempe	eratu	ire R	ise	Ala	I T	em	pe	ratu	ire I	Ris	e W	'ai																					
Outpu	ıt Ch	anne	el																														1
Alarm	Rec	cord																															DFF
SMTP	J																																DFF
FTP U	Jploa	ad																															DFF
			_	_	_	_		_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_
Sup		0 :		2	3	4	+	5	6	_	7	8	9	•	10	1	1	12	13	1	4	15	16	17	7	18	19	20	2	1 2	22	23	24
Mon	9 6			+		+	-	+	\vdash	+	+	╁	+		+	$\left \right $	-	+		+	\vdash	+			+	$\left \right $	-	$\left \right $	+	+	$\left \right $	+	\vdash
Tues	\$					T				+			+		T			1		T					+	Ħ		H	T	-		1	
Wed	\$																																
Thur	$\langle \mathfrak{S} \rangle$																																
Fri Sat	2							_				+	+					_				-			-								
Sat	Ø																																
																									F	łefr	esh				Ap	ply	

- Step 2 Tick the output channel.
- Step 3 Enable "Alarm Record", "SMTP", "FTP" button.
- Step 4 Set schedule linkage.

Method 1: Click left mouse button to select any time point within 0:00-24:00 from Monday to Sunday as shown in Figure 4-16.

Method 2: Hold down the left mouse button, drag and release mouse to select the alarm time within 0:00-24:00 from Sunday to Saturday.

When you select time by dragging the cursor, the cursor cannot be moved out of the time area. Otherwise, no time can be selected.

Method 3: Click 🚳 in the alarm time page to select the whole day or whole week.

Deleting alarm time: Click sagain or inverse selection to delete the selected alarm time.

Step 5 Click Apply.

The message "Apply success" is displayed, the system saves the settings.

----End

4.6.6 Thermal Mapping

Step 1 Choose **Configuration** >**Thermal Mapping**, as shown in Figure 4-17.

Figure 4-17 Thermal mapping interface

🛱 Thermal Mapping



Step 2 Settings please refer to Table 4-7.

Parameter	Description	Setting
[本] [#4]	Zoom in /zoom out.	[Setting method] Click the button
	Near focus / far focus.	[Setting method] Click the button
Lock focus position	N/A	[Setting method] Tick .
Horizontal shift(%)	Input the value, the area of setting will be move horizontal the correspond location. The result will be shown on visual channel.	

Table 4-7 Parameter of thermal mapping

Parameter	Description	Setting
vertical shift(%)	Input the value, the area of setting will be move vertical the correspond location. The result will be shown on visual channel.	
Fine turning	Click the icon to move the area of setting.	
Mapping point	You need map three points at two channels. Points are correspond of each.	[Setting method] Select from drop list.
	The three points should cover most areas, and two points are located in the diagonal display of the picture.	
	Point one is green cross.	
	Point two is red cross.	
	Point three is blue cross.	

Step 3 Click **Apply**. The message "**Apply success**" is displayed, the system saves the settings.

----End

4.6.7 Bad Point Check

Description

The points that can't move when the environment or scenario change is bad point. You can delete the bad point by bad point check function.

Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration >Thermal > Bad Point Check

The Bad Point Check page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-18.

Figure 4-18 Bad Point Check



If the image is defected by detector's fault, user can test the function to recover the bad point. User should connect the manufactory at this condition to make sure to apply.

Step 2 Click the white point at image, click **Apply** to recover the bad point, as shown in Figure 4-20



- Step 3 Click **Reset** to return the previous settings.
- Step 4 Click Apply. The message "Apply success" is displayed, the system saves the settings. ----End

4.6.8 LED Control Parameter

Procedure

Step 1Choose Configuration > Thermal > LED Control Parameter.The LED Control Parameter page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4-18.

Figure 4-21 LED Control Parameter

ID																							0)	•
Display	y Mod	de																						Open	•
																				Refre	sh			Appl	у
Le	d Co	ontr	ol F	ara	m																				
D																								0	¥
Display	y Mod	le																						Flicke	r 🔻
licker	Interv	val('	100-	100	am	IS)														Refr	esh			Apr	bly
licker	Interv	val(100-	Para	am	IS)														Refr	esh			App	ly
Le	ed Co	val('	100-	100	am	IS)														Refr	esh			App	oly
Le Displa	ed Co	val(1 onti	100-	Para	am	IS)														Refr	esh			App 0 Timir	oly ng T
Le D Displa	ed Cc	val([^] onti	100-	100 Para	am	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Refr	esh 19	20	21	App 0 222	oly
Elicker	ed Co	val(onti de	100- rol	1000 Para	am	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Refr	esh 19	20	21	200 App 0 Timir 22	ng T
Elicker D D Sun Mon Tues	ed Co y Moc	val(i onti de	100- rol	2	am	4 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Refr 18	19	20	21	200 Appr 0 Timir 22 1	
Elicker Le Display Sun Mon Tues Wed	ed Co y Moc s s s s s	val(' onti	roll		am	4 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	esh 19	20	21	220 App Timir 22	ng 1
Elicker Elicker ID Display Mon Tues Wed Thur	ed Co y Moc	val(" onti de			3	4 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			14				18	19	20	21		
Elicker Le Lo Displa Uspla Uspla Uspla Uspla Uspla Tures Wed Thur Fri	ed Co y Moc \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	de			3 3	4 4	5	6	7	8	9	10							17	18	19	20	21	220 App [0 [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	

T	able 4-8 Parameter of thermal mappin	ıg
Parameter	Description	Setting
Display mode	There are four modes, Close/Open/Flicker/Timing.	[Setting method] Select from drop list.
Flicker interval(100- 10000 ms)	Display mode is Flicker , and user need to set an interval to flash the LED.	[Setting method] Input an integer from 100 to 10000
Schedule	Display mode is Timing , user to set time to open LED.	[Setting method] Drag mouse to select the time, or click to choose one day or one week.

Step 2 Click **Apply** to save the settings, as shown in Figure 4-20 --End

5 Thermal Parameter Configuration

5.1 Access the Sensor Setting Interface

Operation procedure:

Method 1:

Step 1 On the web interface or client interface, move the cursor to the real-time video page and right-click on the page. A shortcut menu is displayed, as shown in Figure 5-1, and Table 5-1 describes the sensor setting interface.

Figure 5-1 Sensor Setting interfac

Full Screen
Sensor
ZoomIn
ZoomOut
Restore Panorama
Open mouse temperature

Table 5-1 Sensor Setting interfac	e
-----------------------------------	---

Parameter	Description
Full Screen	It enlarges and displays the image in full screen.
Hide Info	It refers to the function that hides the IP address, code rate and other information of the functioning imaging device on the Client Side. Note: This function is only applicable to the Client Side and not for the WEB Side.
Sensor Configure	It is used for configuring the parameter set of front-end images.
Zoom In/Out	It zooms in/out images by electronic means. This function may also be used with the mouse wheel.
Open mouse temperature	Click this, and mouse cursor display temperature of point that cursor's position.

Step 2 Choose Sensor Configure and the Sensor Setting dialog box appears.

Method 2:

Step 3 At "Configuration > Sensor Setting" interface, choose channel 2 to enter the setting interface, as shown in .

Figure 5-2 Sensor setting

荦 Sensor Setting

2 21-08-03 16:21:57 lucs	femp Ala	1904 7	Channel Mode Scheme	2	2 Standard mode Scheme 1
Mode Image Scene	Set Pseudocolor F	FFC Control	Noise Reduction	Enhance Image	
		End Time	24 🔍	: 00 🔹	3
			FactorySetting	Reset	Save

----End

5.2 Sensor Setting Parameter description

5.2.1 Mode

Operation procedure:

Step 1 Click **Mode** tag on sensor setting interface, the time segment page is displayed, as shown in Figure 5-3.

Figure 5-3 Time Segment page

Sensor Setting				×
Mode Image Scene Set Pseudocolor	FFC Control	Noise Reduction	Enhance Image	
Switch Mode V	Start Time	00 ~	00 ~	
	End Time	24 ~ ~	00 ~	
Standard m V Scheme 1 V Fac	torySetting		Reset Sa	ve

Step 2 Choose Debug Model in the lower left corner to activate the sensor setting page.

- Step 3 Set the switch mode parameters.
- Step 4 Click Save to save the setting.

----End

5.2.2 Image Setting

Figure 5-4 shows the image setting interface.





Table 5-2 describes the image setting parameters.

	-			
Table 5-2	Image s	etting	narameter	description
1 4010 5 2	muge 5	oung	parameter	description

Parameter	Description	Setting
Brightness	It indicates the total brightness of an image. As the value increases, the image becomes brighter.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50
Contrast	It indicates the contrast between the bright part and the dark part of an image. As the value increases, the contrast increases.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50
Sharpness	It indicates the sharpness of the image plane and the sharpness of the image edge. The shaper the image, the better detail contrast.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50

----End

5.2.3 Scene

Figure 5-5 shows the scene interface.

Sensor Setting	×			
Mode Image Scene Set Pseudocolor FFC Control Noise Reduction Enhance Im	age			
Mirror Vertical ~				
Tip: Please update the MotionDetection,PrivacyMask,Intelligent Analysis,ROI and OSD Area after [Aisle Mode]/[Mirror] was changed.				
Debug Modi V Scheme 1 V FactorySetting Reset	Save			

Provide the selection of image pixel locations.

Normal: the image is not flipped.

Horizontal: the image is flipped left and right.

Vertical: the image is flipped up and down.

Horizontal + Vertical: the image upside-down and reversal.

5.2.4 Set Psecudocolor

Figure 5-6 shows the set pseudocolor interface.

	1 1 1
Highing 5 6 cot	neoudocolor intertoco
112uic J-0 sci	DSCUCIOLOI IIICHACC
<u></u>	

Sensor Setting	×
Mode Image Scene Set Pseudocolor FFC Control Noise Reduction Enhance Image	
Polarity / LUT White Hot ∨ Temperature Strip Switch On ∨	
Debug Modi v Scheme 1 v FactorySetting Reset Save	e

Polarity/LUT: the temperatures of the temperature fields detected by the thermal imaging camera are separately mapped to values ranging from 0 to 255 by the algorithm. In the black/white display mode, this range is converted to the grayscale tones. For example, 0 indicates completely black, and 255 indicates completely white. The temperature field of the scene is converted to images by using the grayscale ranging from 0 to 255. Different polarity modes can be converted to different display images. The most common setting is white hot (a hotter object is displayed brighter than a colder object) or black hot (a hotter object is displayed darker than a colder object). The difference between two modes lies in that the temperatures corresponding to the darker one and the lighter one are reversed. Other modes include rainbow, ironbow, HSV, autumn, bone and so on.

Cold	Cold	Cold	Cold
Hot White Hot	Hot Black Hot	Hot Rainbow	Hot
	1725	-	

Temperature strip switch is on, the live video will show it, otherwise is no strip.

5.2.5 FFC Control

Figure 5-7 shows the FFC mode interface.

Figure 5-7 FFC mode interface



Table 5-3 describes the FFC mode parameters.

Table 5-3 FFC cont	rol parameter	description
--------------------	---------------	-------------

Parameter	Description	Setting
FFC Mode	The internal of the thermal imaging camera may comprise the mechanical action correction mechanism that can periodically improve the image quality. This component is called flat field correction (FFC). When controlling the FFC, the FFC shields the sensor array, so that each portion of the sensor can collect uniform temperature fields (flat field). By means of FFC, the camera can update the correction coefficients to output more uniform images. Throughout the FFC process, the video image is frozen for two seconds and a static-frame image is displayed. After the FFC is complete, the image is automatically recovered. Repeated FFC operations can prevent the grainy and image degradation problems. The FFC is especially important when the temperature of the camera changes. For example, after the camera is powered on or the ambient temperature is changed, you should immediately perform the FFC. Auto: In the Automatic FFC mode, the camera performs FFC whenever its temperature changes by a specified amount or at the end of a specified period of time (whichever comes first). When this	[How to set] Select from the drop-down list box. [Default value] Auto

Parameter	Description	Setting
	mode is selected, the FFC interval (minutes) ranges from 10 to 255 minutes. The temperature change of the camera is based on the temperatures collected by the internal temperature probe. The temperature of the camera sharply changes when the camera is powered on. The FFC is relatively frequent, which is normal. Manual : In the manual FFC mode, the camera does not automatically perform the FFC based on the temperature change or the specified period. Choose manual mode, when you feel that the image is obviously degraded but the automatic FFC is not performed, you can use the manual FFC function to check whether the image quality can be improved.	
FFC Interval (min)	In the automatic FFC mode, the FFC interval ranges from 5 to 255 minutes.	[How to set] Drag the slider. [Default value] 5
Temper Interval	In the automatic FFC mode, the FFC interval ranges from 5 to 25.5 centigrade.	[How to set] Drag the slider. [Default value] 5
Shutter Adjust	Click the icon to adjust exposure immediately.	N/A
Background Adjust	Click the icon and cover the camera with something to adjust image. Remove the thing to finish adjustment.	N/A

----End

5.2.6 Noise Reduction

Figure 5-8 shows the Noise reduction interface.

Figure 5-8 Noise reduction interface



Table 5-4 describes noise reduction parameters.

Table	5-4	Noise	reduction	parameter	description
				r · · · · · · ·	···· · · · ·

Parameter	Description	Setting
2 DNR	Decrease the image noise.	[How to set] Select from the drop-down list box. Drag the slider to adjust max strength. [Default value] Auto
3 DNR	Decrease the image noise.	[How to set] Select from the drop-down list box. Drag the slider to adjust max strength. [Default value] Auto

----End

5.2.7 Enhance Image

Figure 5-9 shows the enhance image interface and Table 5-5 shows the enhance image parameter.

Figure 5-9 Enhance image interface

Sensor	Setting						×
Mode	Image	Scene	Set Pseudocolor	FFC Control	Noise Reduction	Enhance Im	age
			DeFog		50		
				0	100		
Debug	Mode \sim	Scheme	e1 ∨ Fact	orySetting		Reset	Save

Table 5-5 Enhance image parameter description

Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
Defog	Decrease the image fog.	[How to set] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50

----End

6 Visible-light Parameter Configuration

6.1 Access the Sensor Interface

Operation procedure

Step 1 On the web or NVMS interface, move the cursor to the real-time video page and right-click on the page. A shortcut menu is displayed, as shown in Figure 6-1.

Figure 6-1	Sensor	Setting	interface
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Full Screen
Sensor
ZoomIn
ZoomOut
Restore Panorama

- Step 2 Choose Sensor Configure and the Sensor Setting dialog box appears.
- Step 3 User can also set parameters at "Configuration > Sensor Setting" interface, the channel is chosen 1, as shown in Figure 6-2.

Figure 6-2 Sensor setting

2 Sensor Setting



Channel	1	•
Mode	Standard mode	¥
Scheme	Scheme 1	v

Mode Image	Scene	Exposure	WB	DayNight	Noise Reduction	Enhance Image
Switch Mode	None	•				
				24		
				FactoryS	etting R	eset Sav

----End

6.2 Sensor Setting Parameter description

6.2.1 Mode

Operation procedure:

Step 1 Click **Mode** tag on sensor setting interface, the time segment page is displayed, as shown in Figure 6-3.

	ε	1.6			
Sensor Setting			×		
Mode Image Scene Exposure	WB DayNight	Noise Reduction Enhance Image			
Switch Mode TimeMode	✓ Start Time	• 00 ~ : 00 ~			
	End Time	24 🗸 : 00 🗸			
Debug Mode V Scheme 1 V FactorySetting Reset Save					

Figure 6-3 Mode page

- Step 2 Choose Debug Model in the lower left corner to activate the sensor setting page.
- Step 3 Set the time segment parameters.
- Step 4 Click **Save** to save the setting.

----End

6.2.2 Image Adjust

Figure 6-4 shows the Image Adjust tab page.



Table 6-1 describes the parameters on the Image Adjust tab page.

Parameter	Description	Configuration Method
Contrast	It indicates the contrast between the bright part and the dark part of an image. As the value increases, the contrast increases.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50
Brightness	It indicates the total brightness of an image. As the value increases, the image becomes brighter.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50
Sharpness	It indicates the border sharpness of an image. As the value increases, the borders become clearer, and the number of noise points increases.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50
Saturation	It indicates the color saturation of an image. As the value increases, the image becomes more colorful.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50

Table 6-1 Parameters on the Image Adjust tab page

----End

6.2.3 Scene Mode

Figure 6-5 shows the scene mode interface.

	Figure 6-5	Scene	mode	interface
--	------------	-------	------	-----------

Sensor Setting	×
Mode Image Scene Exposure WB DayNight Noise Reduction Enhance Image	
Scene Outdoor ~	
Mirror Vertical ~	
Analysis, ROI and OSD Area after [Aisle Mode]/[Mirror] was changed.	
Debug Modi v Scheme 1 v FactorySetting Reset Save	

Table 6-2 describes the scene mode parameters.

Parameter	Description	Configuration Method
Scene	 It indicates the working mode of a camera Outdoor: It applies to outdoor scenarios. Indoor: It applies to indoor scenarios. 	[Configuration method] Select from the drop- down list [Default value] Outdoor

Table 6-2	scene	mode	parameters	descri	ption

Visible-light Parameter Configuration

Parameter	Description	Configuration Method
Mirror	 It is used to select the pixel location of an image. Normal: The image does not flip. Horizontal: The image flips to the left and right. Vertical: The image flips up and down. Horizontal and vertical: The image rotates at 180 degrees. 	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list. [Default value] Normal

----End

6.2.4 Exposure

Figure 6-6 shows the Exposure interface.

Sensor Setting	×
Mode Image Scene Exposure WB DayNight Noise Reduction Enhance Image	
xposure Mode Auto V Max Shutter 1/25 V Meter area Whole V Max Gain 50	
Debug Modi v Scheme 1 v FactorySetting Reset Save	

Figure 6-6 Exposure interface for high speed dome

Table 6-3 describes Exposure parameters.

Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
Exposure Mode	 The exposure modes include: Auto: The system performs auto exposure based on the monitoring environment. Manual: You can adjust the brightness of an image by setting the following three items: Shutter Setting, Iris Setting and Gain Setting. Shutter Priority: You can set Shutter Setting to fixed values. The iris and gain are automatically adjusted by the system. Iris Priority (for high speed demo): You can 	
	set Iris Setting to fixed values. The shutter and gain are automatically adjusted by the system.	
Max Shutter	The device automatically adjusts the shutter time based on the ambient brightness. The shutter time is less than or equal to the value of this parameter.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop- down list. [Default value] 1/25
Max Gain	The device automatically adjusts the gain based on the external light. The gain is less than or equal to the value of this parameter.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50
Iris	It is valid in manual mode and iris priority mode. You can adjust the brightness of an image by setting the iris. As the value increases, the brightness increases (when the shutter and gain remain the same). However, the camera movement automatically adjusts the shutter and gain in this mode. Therefore, the brightness of an image may not increase when you increase the iris.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop- down list. [Default value] F1.6

----End

6.2.5 WB Setting

Figure 6-7 shows the **WB Setting** interface.

Figure 6-7 WB Setting interface

Sensor Setting				×
Mode Image Scene Exposure	WB DayNight	Noise Reduction	Enhance Image	
Mode	Auto	\sim		
Red Gain		0		
Blue Gain		100		
Debug Modi v Scheme 1 v	FactorySetting		Reset	Save

Table 6-4 describes WB Setting parameters.

Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
Mode	It is adjusted based on application scenarios to improve the fidelity of the image color. The WB modes include:	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list. [Default value]
	• Auto: In automatic white balance (WB) mode, the system automatically performs white balance based on the monitoring environment.	Auto
	• Tungsten	
	• Fluorescent	
	• Daylight	
	• Shadow	
	• Manual: In manual WB mode, you can manually select a WB mode based on the monitoring environment.	

Table 6-4 WB Setting parameters description

Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
Red Gain	It indicates the gain applied to red channels. As the value increases, the color temperature becomes lower. ID NOTE This parameter is valid when Manual Mode is set to Customized .	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 0
Blue Gain	It indicates the gain applied to blue channels. As the value increases, the color temperature becomes higher. ID NOTE This parameter is valid when Manual Mode is set to Customized .	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 0

6.2.6 Daynight

The day night mode settings vary based on device models. For details, see the following sections.

Figure 6-8 shows the **DayNight Mode** interface.

Figure 6-8 DayNight Mode interfac

Sensor Setting				×	(
Mode Image Scene Exposure W	/B DayNight Noise	e Reduction E	Enhance Image		
D/N Setting Auto	~	IR LED Aut	to	~	
TRANSI.(D->N)	100 30				
Delay(s) 0 Debug Mode V Scheme 1 V	5 180 FactorySetting		Reset S	ave]

Table 6-5 describes **DayNight Mode** parameters.

	*	•
Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
D/N Setting Mode	It can be set to Auto , Day , Night or Timing . • Auto mode The image color and filter status are	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list. [Default value]
	automatically switched based on the ambient brightness. The filter prevents infrared light from entering the sensor in the day state and allows all types of light to enter the sensor in the night state.	
	• Day mode	
	The image is colored, and the filter is in the day state, preventing infrared light from entering the sensor.	
	• Night mode	
	The image is black and white, and the filter is in the night state, allowing infrared light to enter the sensor.	
	• Timing	
	Set day to night time and night to day time to switch the daynight mode.	
TRANSI.(D ->N)(dB)	It determines the day-to-night switching in auto mode. When the system gain is greater than the value of this parameter, the system enters the night mode.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 70
	This parameter is valid in auto mode. The value of TRANSI.(D->N) must be greater than the value of TRANSI.(N- > D).	

Table 6-5 DNR	parameters	description
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Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
TRANSI.(N ->D)(dB)	It determines the night-to-day switching in auto mode. When the system gain is smaller than the value of this parameter, the system enters the day mode. ID NOTE This parameter is valid in auto mode. The value of TRANSI.(D->N) must be greater than the value of TRANSI.(N- > D).	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 30
Delay(s)	The delay time of day to night or night to day. NOTE This parameter is valid in auto mode.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 0
DTN Time	Time of day to night.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list. [Default value] 18:00
NTD Time	Time of night to day.	[Setting method] Select a value from the drop-down list. [Default value] 6:00

6.2.7 Noise Reduction

Figure 6-9 shows the Noise Reduction interface.

Figure 6-9 Noise Reduction interface



Table 6-6 describes Noise Reduction parameters.

Table 6-6 Noise Reduction pa	parameters description
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Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
2D NR	Reduce noise of image.	[Configuration method] Select from the drop- down list [Default value] Auto
Max Strength	It is valid in auto noise filter mode. When the parameter value is 0 , the noise filter is disabled. When the parameter value is greater than 0 , the noise filter is enabled, and the system automatically adjusts the noise filter level based on the ambient brightness without exceeding the value of this parameter.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50
3D NR	Reduce noise of image.	[Configuration method] Select from the drop- down list [Default value] Auto

Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method
Max Strength	It is valid in auto noise filter mode. When the parameter value is 0 , the noise filter is disabled. When the parameter value is greater than 0 , the noise filter is enabled, and the system automatically adjusts the noise filter level based on the ambient brightness without exceeding the value of this parameter.	[Setting method] Drag the slider. [Default value] 50

6.2.8 Enhance Image

Figure 6-10 shows the enhance image interface and Table 6-7 shows the enhance image parameter.

E' < 10	F 1		
Figure 6-10	Enhance	1mage	interface
i iguie o io	Linnanee	muge	micrace

Sensor	Setting									×
Mode	Image	Scene	Exposure	WB	DayNight	Noise Redu	ction	Enhance Ima	ige	
	WDR	0	-	100	50 C	Anti-shake				
C	HLC	0	-	100	50 C	DeFog	0	-	50 100	
	BLC	0	-	100	50)					
Debug	Mode \sim	Scheme	e1 ~	Factor	ySetting			Reset	Save	

Parameter	Meaning	Configuration Method	
WDR	It is used to display the foreground and background at the same time in the environment with a large brightness difference. When the brightness difference is larger, you can increase the WDR level to obtain better image effect.	[Setting method] Tick the WDR mode and drag the slider. [Default value] 50	
HLC	It provides a clearer view of an image in the highlight environment. When HLC is enabled, the total brightness of an image is reduced, allowing you to view objects in front of the highlight.	[Setting method] Tick the HLC mode and drag the slider. [Default value] 50	
BLC	It provides a clearer view of an image in the backlight environment. When BLC is enabled, the total brightness of an image increases, allowing you to view objects in front of the backlight. Meanwhile, the objects behind the backlight are exposed excessively.	[Setting method] Tick the BLC mode.	
DeFog	It provides a clearer view of an image in the fogged environment when Defog is enabled. As the value increases, the image becomes clearer.	[Setting method] Tick the Defog mode and drag the slider. [Default value] 50	

7 Camera Maintenance

At "Configuration > Maintenance" interface, user can restart, auto reboot, update device, restore to factory default, save to local hard drive(the configuration will be saved), load from local hard drive, as shown in Figure 7-1.

Figure 7-1 Camera maintenance

Restart	*
Auto Reboot	
Update	Please select upgrade file 🝵 Update
Reserve IP setting Restore To Factory Default	0
Save to local Hard Drive	Download
Load from Local Hard Drive	Please choose file 🍵 Upload

🚖 Camera Maintenance


Emission Rate

The emission rate is the capability of an object to emit or absorb energy. An ideal transmitter provides an emission rate of emitting 100% of intake energy. An object with an emission rate of 0.8 can absorb 80% of intake energy, and reflect the remaining 20%. The emission rate is the ratio of the energy emitted by an object at a specific temperature to that emitted by an ideal radiator at the same temperature. The range of emission rate value is 0.0 to 1.0 generally.

Materials	Temperature (°C/°F)	Emissivity
Gold (High-purity)	227/440	0.02
Aluminum foil	27/81	0.04
Aluminum sheet	27/81	0.18
Aluminum used for families (flat)	23/73	0.01
Aluminum plate (98.3%	227/440	0.04
purity)	577/1070	0.06
Aluminum plate (rough)	26/78	0.06
Aluminum (oxidized @	199/390	0.11
599℃)	599/1110	0.19
Polished aluminum	38/100	0.22
Tin (light tinned Iron sheet)	25/77	0.04
Nickel wire	187/368	0.1
Lead (99.9% purity, No oxidized)	127/260	0.06

Copper	199/390	0.18
Cobalt	599/1110	0.19
Steel	199/390	0.57
	599/1110	0.57
Tinned iron sheet (Light)	28/82	0.23
Brass(High-polish)	247/476	0.03
Brass (Tough rolled, polished metal wire)	21/70	0.04
Tinned Iron (Light)	-	0.13
Iron plate (Rust eaten)	20/68	0.69
Rolled steel sheet	21/71	0.66
Ferric oxide	100/212	0.74
Wrought-iron	21/70	0.94
Fused iron	1299-1399/3270-2550	0.29
Copper (Polished)	21-117/70-242	0.02
Copper(Polished, not reflected)	22/72	0.07
Copper (Heavy oxide Board)	25/77	0.78
Enamel (Fuse on iron)	19/66	0.9
Formica Plate	27/81	0.94
Frozen soil	-	0.93
Brick (Red, rough)	21/70	0.93
Brick (Unglazed, rough)	1000/1832	0.8

Carbon (T - carbon 0.9% ash)	127/260	0.81
Concrete	-	0.94
Glass (Glossy)	22/72	0.94
Granite (Surfaced)	21/70	0.85
Ice	0/32	0.97
Marble (I Polished, grey)	22/72	0.93
Asbestos board	23/74	0.96
Asbestos paper	38/100	0.93
	371/700	0.95
Asphalt (Paving the road)	4/39	0.97
Paper (Black tar)	-	0.93
Paper (White)	-	0.95
Plastic (White)	-	0.91

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